

ection NOTICE OF FIRE HAZARD INSPECTION

A representative from CAL FIRE has inspected your property for fire hazards. You are hereby notified to correct the violation(s) indicated below. Failure to correct these violations may result in a citation and fine.

Occupant:						Physical Address:				Phone #:			
Occupant Not Home: Refused For Questions,									Battalion #:				
1 st /	<u>Atter</u>			//	2 nd Attempt:	/_	_/Inspection:		Contact Inspec		<u>) </u>		
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1							Window Panes Single Pane/Double Pane	Enclose	Eaves ed/Unenclosed	Decks or I Masonry/Com			eation of Structure round/Slope/Ridge Top
_	Corr	ected	De	fensible	Space Zon	e (withir	n 30 feet of all struc	tures o	r to property	line):			
	2	3	A.	Remove I	eaves, needle	s or other	vegetation on roofs, gutte	ers, decks,	porches and sta	airways etc. I	PRC §4291(a)(6)	
	2	3	B.	Remove a	all dead trees,	shrubs or	other plants adjacent to o	r overhan	ging buildings.	PRC §4291(a)(5)		
	2	3	C.	Remove a	all dead or dyir	ng branche	es and stems from trees,	shrubs or	other plants adja	acent to or ove	erhanging bu	uildings	s. PRC §4291(a)(5)
	2	3	D.	Remove a	all branches wi	ithin 10 fee	et of any stovepipe or chi	nney outle	et. PRC §4291(a	a)(4)			
	2	3	E.	Remove a	all dead or dyir	ng grass, l	eaves, needles or other v	egetation.	PRC §4291(a)	(1)			
	2	3	F.	Remove or isolate live flammable ground cover and shrubs (i.e. Bear Clover, Mountain Misery, Juniper etc.). PRC §4291(a)(1)									
			Re	Reduced Fuel Zone (within 30 - 100 feet of all structures or to property line):									
	2	3	G.	Mow dead	d or dying gras	ss to a max	kimum of 4 inches in heig	ht. Trimm	ings may remair	n on the grour	nd. PRC §4	291(a)((1)
	2	3	H.	H. Live flammable ground cover less than 18 inches in height (i.e. Mountain Misery, Bear Clover etc.) may remain, but overhanging and									
				adjacent trees must be pruned up to 15 feet. PRC §4291(a)(1)									
	2	3	l.	Reduce fu	uels in accorda	ance with t	he Continuous Tree Cand	py Stand	ard (see back).	PRC §4291(a	1)(1)		
	2	3	J.	J. Reduce fuels in accordance with the Horizontal Spacing Standard (see back). PRC §4291(a)(1)									
			De	fensible	and Reduc	ed Fuel	Zone (within 100 fe	et of all	structures o	or to prope	rty line):		
	2	3	K.	Logs or st	tumps embedo	ded in the	soil must be removed or i	solated fro	om structures an	d other veget	ation. PRC {	§4291(a	a)(1)
	2	3	L. Remove all dead or dying brush, trees and branches within 15 feet of the ground. PRC §4291(a)(1)										
			Oth	Other Requirements:									
	2	3	M.	Clear dea	d, dying or flar	mmable ve	egetation within 10 feet ar	ound and	above propane	tanks. CFC §	3807.3		
	2	3	N.	Address r	numbers shall	be display	ed in contrasting colors (4" Min. Siz	e) and readable	from the stre	et or access	road.	CFC §505.1
			Oth	ner Reco	mmendatio	ons:							
				Cover all	chimney or sto	ovepipe op	enings with a metal scree	en having	openings no larç	ger than 1/2 ir	ıch.		
				Clear 10 feet around and 15 feet above fuels (i.e. Woodpiles, lumber, scrap etc.). Move woodpiles as far as possible from structures.									
Щ			Remove flammable materials stored under decks and similar overhangs of structures.										
Ш			Clear vegetation 10 feet from sides and 15 feet above all driveways and turnaround areas.										
			Comments:										
							Additional Infor	mation on	Back				
							Complete only if o	ccupant co	ontacted				
1.	Insp	ector	:				Date:		A re-	inspection wi	Il occur on/a	fter: _	
2.	2. Inspector:						Date:		A re-	inspection wi	ll occur on/a	fter: _	
3. Inspector:			·:				Date:						

Checked boxes indicate violations.

Recommendations.

Continuous Tree Canopy Standard

To achieve defensible space while keeping a larger stand of trees with a continuous tree canopy, adhere to the guidelines below:

- Prune lower branches of trees to a height of 6 to 15 feet from the top of the vegetation below or 1/3 to 1/2 the tree height for trees under 30 feet, whichever is less.
- Remove all ground fuels greater than four inches in height. Single specimens of trees or other vegetation may be kept if they are well spaced, well pruned and create an overall condition that avoids the spread of fire to other vegetation or to structures.

Horizontal Spacing Standard

- Ideally, grass should not exceed four inches in height. In situations where these fuels are isolated from other fuels or where necessary to stabilize soil, grasses may reach a height of 18 inches.
- Clearance between shrubs should be 4 to 40 feet depending on the slope of the land and size and type of vegetation. Check the chart below for an estimation of clearance distance. Any questions regarding requirements for a specific property should be addressed to your local fire official.

Minimum Horizontal Spacing Guidelines									
Slope	Shrubs, Ground Covers & Other Ornamental Plants Space required between clumps of ground cover, plants, bushes, shrubs, seedlings or sapling trees, etc.	Trees Space required between tree canopies							
Flat or gentle slope (0% to 20%)	2 times the height of the plant	10 feet							
Moderate slope (20% to 40%)	4 times the height of the plant	20 feet							
Steep slope (greater than 40%)	6 times the height of the plant	30 feet							

PRC §4291(a) A person who owns, leases, controls, operates, or maintains a building or structure in, upon, or adjoining a mountainous area, forest-covered lands, brush-covered lands, grass-covered lands, or land that is covered with flammable material, shall at all times do all of the following:

- (1) Maintain defensible space no greater than 100 feet from each side of the structure, but not beyond the property line unless allowed by state law, local ordinance, or regulation and as provided in paragraph (2). The amount of fuel modification necessary shall take into account the flammability of the structure as affected by building material, building standards, location, and type of vegetation. Fuels shall be maintained in a condition so that a wildfire burning under average weather conditions would be unlikely to ignite the structure. This paragraph does not apply to single specimens of trees or other vegetation that are well-pruned and maintained so as to effectively manage fuels and not form a means of rapidly transmitting fire from other nearby vegetation to a structure or from a structure to other nearby vegetation. The intensity of fuels management may vary within the 100-foot perimeter of the structure, the most intense being within the first 30 feet around the structure. Consistent with fuels management objectives, steps should be taken to minimize erosion.
- (2) A greater distance than that required under paragraph (1) may be required by state law, local ordinance, rule, or regulation. Clearance beyond the property line may only be required if the state law, local ordinance, rule, or regulation includes findings that such a clearing is necessary to significantly reduce the risk of transmission of flame or heat sufficient to ignite the structure, and there is no other feasible mitigation measure possible to reduce the risk of ignition or spread of wildfire to the structure. Clearance on adjacent property shall only be conducted following written consent by the adjacent landowner.
- (3) An insurance company that insures an occupied dwelling or occupied structure may require a greater distance than that required under paragraph (1) if a fire expert, designated by the director, provides findings that such a clearing is necessary to significantly reduce the risk of transmission of flame or heat sufficient to ignite the structure, and there is no other feasible mitigation measure possible to reduce the risk of ignition or spread of wildfire to the structure. The greater distance may not be beyond the property line unless allowed by state law, local ordinance, rule, or regulation.
 - (4) Remove that portion of any tree that extends within 10 feet of the outlet of a chimney or stovepipe.
 - (5) Maintain any tree, shrub, or other plant adjacent to or overhanging a building free of dead or dying wood.
 - (6) Maintain the roof of a structure free of leaves, needles, or other vegetative materials.